Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VI PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1866 NO. 130

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, at the office of publication, No. [illegible] Washington street, between Front and First, Portland, Oregon. To subscribers in the city, delivered at their residences or places of business, at $1 per month; $3 for three months; $6 for six months; $12 for one year. To mail subscribers, $1 per month; $3 for three months; $6 for six months; $12 for one year, in advance. Specimen copies sent free.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the most useful and interesting matter from the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded to mail subscribers in all parts of the State at $3 per annum; $2 for six months; and $1 for three months, in advance.

OFFICE—No. [illegible] Washington street, between Front and First.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 630 Washington street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Stoves, Tin-Plate, Sheet Iron,
Copper Wire, Zinc, Tin and
JAPANNED WARE.
Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S Celebrated
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Corner Front and Stark Streets,
nov13 PORTLAND OREGON ly

P. B. JOHNSON,
Attorney-at-Law.
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
Refers by permission to Dolph, Bronaugh & Dolph, Portland; Messrs. McCracken, Morrill & Co., Portland; Messrs. Patterson, Wallace & Stow, Attorneys, San Francisco.
ap 21 lif

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.
DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS
Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins,
Corner of Front and Washington Streets,
ml PORTLAND dtf

T. JOHNSTON,
GAS-FITTER AND PLUMBER,
No. 72 First Street,
(Opposite Durham & Bickel's Store,)
mh29 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

A. J. KANE P. K. KELLOGG
KANE & KELLOGG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
OFFICE WITH BILLS & CO.,
Corner of Stark and Second Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON

GOODS FORWARDED DIRECT FROM PORTLAND to Umatilla, Boise City, Idaho City, South Boise, Owyhee and all parts of Idaho or Mines.
We have a FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE at Umatilla City, where all Goods for the Upper Country are re-Shipped. Mark Goods care of K. & K.

References:

PORTLAND,	SAN FRANCISCO
Allen & Lewis,	Weaver, Wheeler & Co
H Failing,	Rudd, Lord & Co
Knapp, Burrell & Co.,	Forgay & Co
Bills & Co.	Russell & Erwin M Co

mch3 J. C. Bell, Salem— dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
PRODUCE,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
NUTS OF ALL KINDS,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Yankee Notions, &c.,
FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and South Sea Island CORAL SHELLS, always on hand
Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS
Corner of Front and Washington Sts.,
Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon
P S—Orders promptly filled. nov2[illegible]tf

LUMBER YARD!
SUTTON & CO.
WHARF FOOT OF ALDER STREET
Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Redwood Lumber.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned Lumber constantly on hand. feb24dtf

REAL ESTATE AGENCY
AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
No. 110 Front St., (over D. W. Williams Store),
PORTLAND, OREGON

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING ESTABLISHED their Office at the above place, will hereafter conduct a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS. Will BUY, SELL and LEASE REAL ESTATE; MAKE COLLECTIONS, EXECUTE CONVEYANCES, LEASES, Articles of Agreement &c &c, and will attend generally to all business connected with a Real Estate Agency and Collection Office.
A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited.
ap18dtf KLINE & GRADEN

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street.
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—
Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk Marble Wash Stands;
Cold and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS
SILVER-PLATED DABIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH BASINS,
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
HYDRAULIC RAMS
NON FREEZING HYDRANTS,
WATER CLOSETS, &c &c
Persons wishing to introduce Cold or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental work, do well to give me a call.
Portland April 3d, 1865 C. H. MYERS.

JOHN B. MILLER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER,
106 Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON
I WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE citizens of Portland and the interior towns and the country in general that I have removed to this city and have opened my NEW STORE with a
Very Extensive and Well Selected Assortment of
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
from the most Celebrated Makers
CLOCKS OF VARIOUS STYLES,
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE
All of the Latest and Most Fashionable
Particular attention given to CLEANING AND REPAIRING FINE WATCHES. All work warranted for One Year and Watches and Jewelry of every description repaired at short notice.
October 10, 1865 JOHN B. MILLER

READY-MADE CLOTHING!
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OR MADE TO ORDER
IN LOTS TO SUIT AT THE
CLOTHING FACTORY, OREGON CITY
my25dtf C M KESTOR

HARDWARE,
Direct from England,
AND THE BEST MANUFACTURERS OF THE Eastern States. For sale by
H W CORBETT.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE on the Coast. For sale by E J NORTHRUP & CO.
HUBS SPOKES RIMS HICKORY AXLES &c Just received from New York by
E J NORTHRUP & CO

Fire and Life Insurance.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN BOSTON IN 1843,
HAS REMOVED ITS AGENCY IN OREGON AND
WILL INSURE LIVES
ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS
IT IS ONE OF THE MOST PROSPEROUS AND SECURE COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES
AND
Pays All Losses Promptly.

CASH ASSETS	$3,000,000.
LAST CASH DIVIDEND	750,000.
PRICE PER CENT PAID TO ALL INSURED	

OFFICERS IN PORTLAND
Messrs. W. S. Ladd, F. D. Shattuck | Messrs. C. H. Lewis, Thos. Lazear
Rev. P. S. Caffrey,
In Oregon City, Forbes Barclay, M. D.
Application to be made to
A. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Oregon and Washington
R. B. WILSON, M. D. Medical Examiner
Portland, June 9, 1866 jel0tf

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the laws of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of $50,000, invite the attention of insuring to their well established Agency for the transaction of a general Insurance business, and solicit a liberal patronage.
SAN FRANCISCO
James McMullen, Jr., Wm. Sherman, Saingamon, T. B. Thomas, L. B. Beckley, Wm. Sherman, L. Sachs, M. P. Jones, A. T. Lawton, J. Whitney Jr., Edward Martin, Charles Mayne, James DePeyster, J. G. Bray, J. H. Newton, H. L. Dodge, D. Stern, Herman Michels, Frederick Billings, J. D. Kellogg, A. Q. Sellers, H. F. Teschemacher, O. K. Howard, Erwin Davis, W. A. Dunn, E. W. Brooks
PORTLAND OREGON
Capt. J. C. AINSWORTH, W. S. LADD (Ladd & Tilton.)
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
May 29 1866

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms
CALEB T. FAY, President
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD Marine Director.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 13 Front Street, Portland,
Portland January 10, 1866 dtf

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
CAPITAL, (PAID UP IN FULL,)
$1,000,000!
INSURES BRICK, FRAME AND OTHER BUILDings, Merchandize, Furniture, and other Insurable Property against Loss or Damage caused by Fire, on the most favorable terms.
Losses Promptly Paid in Gold Coin.
INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Alfred Durrell, John G. Bray | Ormond W. Gibbs, Richard G. Sneath, Joseph A. Donohoe, Henry Pierce
President—WILLIAM PIERCE
Vice-President—D. W. C. THOMPSON
Secretary—W. W. WIGGINS
Office, No. 408, Montgomery Street,
Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco
my6dly[illegible]

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Company!
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
Established - - 1809.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Funds, March 6 1865	$11,522,550
Annual Income	2,827,200
Deposit under California State Law	77,000
Deposit under the State Law of Oregon	50 000

INSURANCES EFFECTED AT THE LOWEST RATES on Buildings of both Brick and Wood throughout the State, whether occupied as Stores, Dwellings, or Warehouses; also with their contents.
Also Vessels in port, with or without their Cargoes
Also Quartz Mills and Machinery
Also Saw Mills and Machinery
LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN immediately on adjustment.
McCRAKEN MERRILL & CO Agents,
ja26dawdtm Portland, Oregon

WILSON & EVANS,
SUCCESSORS TO JAY P. GRAVES
Manufacturers and Importers
OF
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS
Of Every Description
ALSO IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH, French and American Fishing Tackle, which we offer both Wholesale and Retail at 20 PER CENT BELOW ANY HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Persons ordering Powder Flasks, and WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET CUTLERY in great variety. We are also the agents for HENRY'S LEPAGE'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S REVOLVERS all of which we offer at the lowest possible prices. Orders attended with dispatch. N. B.—Repairing on all machines at moderate prices.
Portland, [illegible]

CANTY & WAGNER
(SUCCESSORS TO J. REDAN)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Confectioners,
111 *Montgomery Street, between Bush and Alder*
N. B.—All candies sold by us are warranted to be manufactured from Steam Refined Sugar and to be equal to any manufactured in this State. Country merchants solicited to examine our stock and prices. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
jy5dmdly

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.
Summer Arrangements.
LEAVING UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 5 o'clock for Boise via Intermediate Points, Baker's Hole, Idaho, Centreville, Placerville and Pioneer City, connecting at Idaho City with the
STEAMER SHOSHONE,
FOR OWYHEE, RUBY AND SILVER CITIES
Superior Coaches, driven by Experienced Stage Men, run smooth and certain to pass miles in Daylight. Passengers will be sure to have a good view of the Country.
Passengers and Freight at Reduced Rates,
and better time than any other line and our Night Stations are at the Best Hotels on the route.
Strict attention will be given to all FAST FREIGHT shipped to our care. Advance Charges (all at Umatilla or Idaho) on delivery of the goods at their destination.
Shippers will mark—
CARE O. S. N. CO. PORTLAND and —— UMATILLA
Shipping Receipts sent to our Agent at Umatilla.
Umatilla, June 18, 1866
HAILEY & CO., Proprietors
and JOS. PINKHAM, Agent.
jel6dtf

ERWIN POWELL GEORGE H. COE
POWELL & COE,
Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA CITY, OGN.
PARTICULAR PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO receiving, and forwarding goods to all parts of the Mines in Oregon and Washington and Idaho.
Steamboats, Freights paid, Storage obtained, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
WE REFER BY PERMISSION,
At San Francisco—Howard, Glenny & Co, Richards & McCracken.
At Portland—Richards & McCraken, Goldsmith Bros. At Victoria, V. I.—Goldsmith & Bro. Thrift, Davis & Co.
Mark Goods care of P. & C, Umatilla.
aug1dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
Mark Goods care of P. & F. Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
feb21 dtf

LEWISTON & WARRENS EXPRESS.
J. S. RAMEY & CO., Proprietors,
(Successors to Dwight Bros.)
IN VIEW OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS, WE HAVE completed arrangements for the Regular Carrying of the Express from and to Lewiston and Warrens, the Slate Creek, John Day's Creek, (Salmon River), White Bird and Florence.
Connections made at Lewiston with Wells, Fargo & Co.
All business entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention.
Lewiston, I. T. Feb. 27, 1866 ylfm

MASON'S BREWERY
EAST PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE AT R. HENDRIE'S, 51 Front St., Portland
THE UNDERSIGNED IS THE ONLY MANUFACturer of the
CELEBRATED MASON'S ALE
In Oregon. He has lately erected a
NEW BREWERY!
AT EAST PORTLAND,
And is prepared to fill all orders for XX and XXX ALE and PORTER.
Orders delivered to any part of the city.
feb15dtf JAMES MASON, Proprietor

Notice to BREWERS & SALOON-KEEPERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
MALT, HOPS, IRISH MOSS,
BARLEY SHOVELS, BARREL BRUSHES
BRASS AND WOOD FAUCETS,
And all other articles for Brewer's use. Also, any quantity of
WEINHARD'S LAGER BEER!
So Well and Favorably Known. All of which we are prepared to furnish at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION
Orders will be Promptly Filled.
WEINHARD & DELLINGER,
City Brewery,
May 3d, 1866 Portland, Oregon

HO! FOR THE WHITE HOUSE AND Milwaukie Ferry!
THE OMNIBUS WILL RUN regularly from LINCOLN HOUSE to the FULTON HOUSE and WHITE HOUSE.
Leaving the Lincoln House at 8 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. Leaving White House at 10 o'clock A. M. and 6½ P. M.
Rates of Fare to Fulton House 50 cents
" " White House $1 00
Same rates on return trips.
je16dtf R. S. JEWETT

NOTICE.
THE MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE SALOON!
OPENS THIS DAY WITH A REDUCTION OF ONE HALF PRICE
SAMPLES of the BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS ALE and BEER at Two-and-a-half cents per Sample
A FINE LUNCH EVERY DAY. Cooked and Served up under the especial care of the undersigned.
Portland, May 1st, 1866 T. HARRIS,
dtf MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE BILLIARD ROOMS.

REMOVAL.
MISS B. HARVEY,
FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER,
HAS removed her establishment to the corner of Third and Alder streets, where she will be happy to attend to her old custom as well as many new ones as first class dresses can be made. The LATEST STYLE OF PATTERNS all received from the East regularly.
MISS B. HARVEY,
jy6dtf Cor. Third and Alder sts. Portland

Notice.
SEALED PROPOSALS TO FURNISH BOARD, LODGing, Washing, Nursing, and Medical Attendance to the PAUPERS, the Keeping and support of whom the county of Multnomah may be liable will be received at the office of the County Clerk of said county until 10 o'clock A. M. July 9, 1866.
Bids will state the price per day and name of one Physician. County Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the County Court.
H. C. COUTSON, County Clerk.
June 29th, 1866 jy3dtd

20,000 LBS. IRON AXLES at 10c lb For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

NORWAY SWEDISH AMERICAN AND ENGLISH IRON For sale at REDUCED RATES by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

ENGLISH, GERMAN, BUSTER TOE CORK AND SPRING STEEL For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

20,000 LBS MANILLA ROPE—½ to 2½ inch diameter For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

100 KEGS WROUGHT BOAT SPIKES—3 to 8 in For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

Banking.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital - $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENCIES,
NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and P. GUNDRY, (Agents for Bank of Montreal.)
IN CANADA;
BANK OF MONTREAL.
Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Wholly,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Hamilton,	Guelph,	Brantford,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St. Catharines.

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.
IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept on such terms as may be agreed upon.
DEPOSIT RECEIPTS bearing Interest issued for money lodged for a fixed time.
BILLS Discounted, Coin Collected, and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
DRAFTS issued on the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.
GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland, February 1, 1866 ja31 4m6

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the Government,
No. 79 Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON
THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANSaction of a
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,
BOTH IN COIN AND CURRENCY.
Will Loan Money, Receive Deposits, attend to the Collection of Notes or Drafts in and out of the city.
WILL DRAW EXCHANGE ON SAN FRANCISCO OR NEW YORK on the most favorable terms.
Will receive on Deposit and act as Custodians of United States Bonds and other securities of value without any charge.
my6dtf I. M. STARR, President
JAMES SEWELL, Cash'r

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO,
Corner of North Front and E Sts.,
One Block North of Coach's Wharf,
PORTLAND OREGON,
MANUFACTURE
STEAM ENGINES, Boilers, SAW AND GRIST MILL, Quartz and Mining MACHINERY
OF ALL KINDS,
Castings for Agricultural Machinery,
WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,
For Fire-Proof Buildings, &c
SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT.
Blacksmithing and Repairing.
PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR,
All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.
JOHN NATION,
February 2, 1866 dtf Superintendent

WEEKS & SWAN,
Corner of Third and Morrison Streets,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
FRESH BUTTER AND EGGS.
CASH PAID FOR OREGON PRODUCE, CHICKENS and Eggs. Farmers give us a call.
We have always on hand a small quantity of CORN MEAL, LARD, and SMALL CRACKED HOMINY, CRACKED WHEAT and WHITE BEANS which we are offering at Small Profits.
Orders promptly filled and delivered Free of Charge in any part of the city.

LITTLE GIANT WRINGER!
The Simplest and Best in use. Every one is warranted to give satisfaction or no sale.
Orders solicited from the country.
DAVID F. SWAN
Sole Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.
Depository at WEEKS & SWAN'S,
my2 dtf Corner Third and Morrison Sts

BREAR'S PATENT VALVELESS STEAM PUMP!
THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE orders for
Brear's Patent Valveless Steam Pump,
Having been appointed Agent by the Patentee for the sale of the right to use in Oregon and Washington Territory.
THE LITTLE GIANT PUMP!
Capable of throwing TEN BARRELS OF WATER PER MINUTE can be seen at my Store.
The same Pump, of Second Size, but of smaller capacity can also be had.
C. H. MYERS.
Planing, Grooving and Steam Fitting, Establishment,
my25 3[illegible]tf 110 Front st., Portland.

NEW YORK BAKERY
F. C. HORNUNG & CO.,
9 North Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON
KEEP ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF all kinds of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS of superior quality at low rates.
Also, of their own manufacture all kinds of CRACKERS, PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES and BREAD.
Also a large lot of RUSSIAN CAVIAR by the package or small quantities.
Also, one Lot of OLD COGNAC BRANDY by the gallon.
Orders from the interior carefully and promptly attended to.
my9[illegible]tf

CIRCULAR SAWS,
AND MANDRELS FOR CIRCULAR SAWS;
For sale by H. W. CORBETT

TAR, PITCH, OAKUM, BLOCKS & HEMP CORDAGE For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

UPRIGHT AND CIRCULAR MILL SAWS For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

STIFF AND SPRING POINT MINING SHOVELS For sale at E. J. NORTHRUP & CO'S

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Sturk Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
Between Hoyt & [illegible] davtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMEOPATHIST,
THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his office and residence, corner of Washington and Fourth streets, Portland, Oregon.
Further Particulars in Circulars.
Portland, Mar 8 '66 dtf

J. L. COOMBS, M. D.,
[Late of Corvallis.]
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.,
OFFICE—Over the Bull Run, on Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
ENTRANCE FROM STARK STREET.
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL DISEASES OF FAMILY NATURE.
May be found at the Council Room every day and night, unless absent on professional business.
Portland, Oct. 30, 1865 1y

DR. F. GRUBE,
(Late Surgeon and Brevet Major U. S. A., formerly Hospital Interne of the University of Vienna.)
Main street, below Seventh,
j 30 PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

Hotels and Restaurants.

LINCOLN HOUSE!
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON
The Largest and MOST POPULAR HOTEL In the State.
EXPRESS WAGONS WILL ATTEND ALL THE Boats and carry Passengers and Baggage to the House Free of Charge.
Hot and Cold Baths in the House.
All the Steam Lines for Oregon, Gila, Vancouver, Montpelier and Astoria land at the Lincoln House Wharf.
R. B. JEWETT, Proprietor.
Portland, June 23d, 1866 dtf

R. B. SMITH L. F. W. QUIMBY
Western Hotel,
Corner of Morrison and First streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
SMITH & QUIMBY Proprietors
THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN REFURnished throughout.
Rooms Well Furnished and Newly Furnished.
A Baggage Wagon will Leave the Steamers to bring Passengers to the House Free of Charge.
my16dtf

PATTON HOUSE,
Front St., two doors South of the old Court House,
PORTLAND OREGON
THIS HOUSE IS NEWLY FITTED & FURNISHED in the best style, and no exertion will be spared to please. Call and see for yourself.
Rent per week $6 to $8 00
Board per week 5 00
Single Meals 50
Lodging 25 to 50
jel9dtf W. N. PATTON, Proprietor

New Columbian,
118, 120 and 122 Front Street, cor. Morrison.
GOOD NEWS!
THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been refinished and being now ready for the reception of Guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call in a manner and style never surpassed in the country.
THE GLOBE, the NEW HOUSE just finished, the rooms are large, well ventilated and elegantly furnished with carpets &c &c. The table will always be well supplied with the very best the market affords.
It will be the constant endeavor of the proprietor to render the GLOBE HOTEL not less satisfactory to its guests than to all those who favor the following, one of the best.
THEOPHILUS HADI
my11 1m

PACIFIC Hotel & Restaurant,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and Popular House having been thoroughly refitted and refurnished is prepared to entertain guests in Greater Comfort and in a more accommodating manner than can be done in any other house in the place. Will be open for the reception of guests on and after the 1st of July, 1866.
Call and examine for yourselves of the truth of the above.
May 2 1866 MRS. REBECCA HOWARD

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice.
JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.
Also the largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ¼ to 4 inch inside diameter, BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.
Constantly on hand STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, GLOBE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, QUAKE COCKS, AIR COCKS and all kinds of
BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco.
C. H. MYERS,
Planing, Grooving, Steam Fitting, Establishment,
ap21 3[illegible]tf No. 110 Front St., Portland.

ROPE,
OF ALL SIZES. For sale by H. W. CORBETT.
Portland January 4th, 1865. 10m

Hayward's Mine in Sutter

The following from the San Francisco *Alta* is illustrative of the successful working of quartz mines in California.

The great quartz mines of the late are now attracting earnest attention since long and persevering experiment has at last developed the true nature of the ledges and the most effective mode of development in them. The quartz of Grant having a breadth of from fifteen to a hundred inches, commences in the southeast of Mariposa district, runs northwesterly almost, the foothills of the Sierra Nevada five hundred miles longitudinally through the centre of the State until it passes into Oregon and melts away on the Pacific shores. The ledge has generally an eastern dip and at different angles, from horizontal to perpendicular. The veins of varying lengths, range from a few inches to one hundred feet or more thick. Through out this ridge have been penetrated with more or less success, according to the skill, ingenuity, perseverance and capital of the operators. These have indeed been misled by various theories, theoretic science seems to be the nature of the deposits, but much experience in the depth to which the ore extends and very many shafts have been abandoned for various reasons. Numbers have however, been very successful. But the great exemplar of quartz mining not only as to wealth of production, but as shedding more light upon the real nature and conditions of quartz mining than other seems to be that of A. Hayward at Sutter Creek, Amador county.

This mine is now 1,200 feet perpendicular descent from the surface, probably 900 feet below the ocean level, and affords the deepest gold mine in the world and also the most productive. Yet the conditions of its yield are such as to indicate that many more are but barely developed, that it verifies the position of deep mining, and that it worth digging obtained in that mountainous ridge as far down as the wildest dreams of the most sanguine Californian hitherto. Hayward, a lawyer by education, having had some experience in the lead mines of the Upper Missouri, pushed across the Plains early in the gold excitement, and reached California in 1850. After much exploration his attention was fixed at Sutter creek, Amador county, in 1851. A mine had been commenced which satisfied the conditions that his sagacity and experience had laid down. He became interested one fifth, and went to work with that indomitable will and perseverance which, like faith move mountains. The vein was but $8 to $10 rock but broad, and with difficulty worked, at a time when flour was $60 per barrel, wages in proportion and living very high. With those high expenses and poor rock he struggled for years. In 1857 he was heavily in debt, but having bought out all the partners, he became sole proprietor. While he had carried on this desperate struggle, many around him dropped out of the race. They had been frozen out, and were forced to abandon their shafts overwhelmed with debt. Hayward was not to be handed down. He had not spent a dollar recklessly and he observed that the ore improved as the shaft grew deeper. The vein was broad, so that in following it down the shaft formed itself. Not a shot-drill was taken out that was not reduced. The east wall of granite went down nearly perpendicular, and that was closely followed. At some hundred feet in depth, the ore paid $12 to $15. The expenses being kept within the closest limits, this began to pay, and each succeeding year it has given greater results, until at the depth of 1,200 feet, the ore averages $25, with a breadth of 22 feet, and widening as it leaves the shaft in both directions, north and south.

At this depth the present writer picked out samples of ore from masses of probably $50 rock. The smooth granite wall rises, nearly perpendicular, 1,200 feet to the surface, and the timbering is done between the walls. The logs are hauled some six miles, at a cost of $6 each. The gallery runs north and south along this wall. The 1,000 foot level is some 500 feet in length, communicating with three shafts, giving perfect ventilation, from this the ore has been mostly removed. The lower level is some 40 feet long, and at either end the beautiful quartz, with its blue and white vertical ribbons, glitters with the specials. At this depth the value of the ore at the north and improves luster than that of the south end—rather reversing the process above. Some of the ore here is $45 to $50, and some ranges probably nearly to $100. The ore above in the galleries, and that here in sight, is perhaps equal to three years run, say $2,000,000. Into this depth drops iron buckets, suspended by strong ropes of continuous length, manufactured by the San Francisco works. These ropes, passing over swifters at the top, wind over drums, worked by a 100 horse engine of the most approved pattern for service. This operates night and day. Three sets of hands relieve each other every eight hours below, and sixty tons per day are sent to the surface dumped into a rail car, which descends by its own weight to the mill, a short distance on Sutter creek, so named from the fact that Sutter once mined there. The mill runs forty stamps of 450 pounds each, at a speed of some eighty strokes per minute. This rapid trituration of the ore and sulphurets is found to be much more effective than the slower strokes of heavier stamps. The mill is driven by water during the wet season. This is brought by flume from a very substantial dam above a powerful engine is also at hand and at this season, when water runs low, it assists the water wheel, gradually increasing in power until later, the water is taken off altogether and reserved for the washing. The "clean up," every fourteen days, varies slightly in results, the tendency being always to increase. The ore is not selected, but always that is taken which most facilitates the operations of the miners. No day's work is thrown away, and no stroke of the pick made that does not tend directly to the main point of getting out ore. This is the secret of success.

From this mine, which has been worked during the last years by Hayward, himself a most experienced and skillful operator in every branch of the business assisted by three able men—Hazlehurst Morgan and Hutter—there has been extracted probably run to seven millions of dollars. This is a great fact, but what is more important to the public, a still greater fact presents itself, viz: that quartz veins increase in width and value in proportion to depth. The mine in question shows a true fissure—an injection of gold-bearing quartz from below, and which tapers off in size and value as it approaches the surface. Following it down a distance of 1,200 feet has demonstrated the fact. There are no other mines that approach this in depth. The Eureka mine, in Grass Valley, is 600 feet down, but is of richer rock than was the Sutter Creek mine at that depth. The ore is of the same appearance in both. Considering all these circumstances, the public have the right to look forward to a good production in the State, magnitude compared with what all that has gone forth before is as nothing. It is to be borne in mind that miners now have not to encounter the fearful trials that beset Hayward in early struggles. The cost of living is barely one fourth, wages are less than one half, transportation is greatly reduced. Steam and rail now bring both Sutter Creek and Grass Valley, 100 miles each from San Francisco, within twenty hours journey without breaking a night's rest and, lastly money, instead of being 10 per cent per month is 10 per cent per annum. Capital is now an abundant and so understandingly employed that no man who has a good mine need want capital to work it. The facilities of travel into Nevada and Amador counties will embrace every important section and tap every reservoir of wealth.

Removed. It has been rumored that the editor of the San Jose (Cal.) *Mercury* has been removed from the office of Inspector of Quicksilver. The alleged cause is that he has been active in the endeavor to break up the Union party. The *Mercury* gives the true cause as follows:

We learn from reliable authority that the fiat has gone forth, and that as soon as our successor can be named and qualified, we shall be relieved from further care of Uncle Samuel's interest in the quicksilver business of this district. Brother Mudgett is slightly of the opinion that we are not "sound" on the Presidential "goose." You are right, Mac, we think that Andy is the policy "sell" that was ever perpetrated on the people, and if the country survives his "one big beast" management it will be because there is nation behind him greater than himself—the American people which with God's help is all sufficient to save and redeem this nation.

Opinion not Treason

Senator Doolittle is reported to have said in a late public speech, that "the Union of the States under the constitution is the corner stone of the Government" and he who denies it, let him come from the South Last, West or North is a traitor." Now that the Constitution is the bond of Union is an undeniable proposition. It is as unquestionable as that respiration is the condition of human life. It was scarcely worth while for Senator Doolittle to make a journey to Philadelphia for the sole purpose of saying that twice two are four. But when he proceeds to declare that any other opinion is treason, he commits a foolish error, for the Constitution to which he exacts obedience expressly defines treason to consist in levying war against the United States.

An opinion can not be treason. It may be false. It may be dangerous. It may lead to treason as the doctrine of State sovereignty did. In a time of actual war its expression may be an efficient aid to the enemy, and therefore the expression may be properly repressed. But to denounce any political opinion as treason is to commit the unpardonable sin of Rome against the human mind. The Southern school of politics in this country has always held and proclaimed the theory of State sovereignty, and it has always been plain that if reduced to practice that theory would lead to civil war. But that opinion was not treason until it lived at the *Seat of the War*. If it were Senator Hayne was as guilty as Quantrell. It seems to us that a Senator of the United States should be able to make so cardinal a distinction. We pay Mr. Doolittle the compliment of believing that he does not consider Mr. Fessenden equally guilty with Louis Wigfall and James M. Mason.

It is very necessary that this distinction should be observed during the great debate in which we are now engaged. The question of reorganization is to be settled by argument, not by rhetorical vituperation. When Mr. Stevens says that the late rebels deserve hell, or when Mr. Cowan informs us that they behave like saints, nothing is gained except a conviction that neither of those gentlemen are likely to give any valuable counsel in the emergency. So when Mr. Doolittle declares by plain implication that those who do not agree with him are traitors, he also certifies his inability to treat the question as it should be treated. An argument which is adequately answered by saying "You're another," is not a very powerful argument.—*Harper's Weekly*

Wilkes' *Spirit of the Times* in the issue of June 24, indicts Secretary Seward for falsity and imbecility and demands that President Johnson remove him. It concludes a long article thus:

The only thing that seems not to have been altered by it (the war) is the soul of Mr. Seward, and that being too cold and narrow for the broad and generous impulses of this nation, we propose that the Senate shall again call the President to give us another Premier. Every one of a million of gravity demands such action. Most of all it is demanded, in order that the advancing fortunes of the restored Republic shall no longer be represented by a failure. For be it from us, however, to apply this suggestion to the *prestige

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1866

A Fresh Trouble.

William H Seward has again fallen under the Democratic ban His popularity with their party has proved ephemeral Their admiration of his "conservatism" has been extremely short-lived, they but supposed him won over completely from political fellowship with the friends of his early career, and to be devoted entirely of not to the fortunes of the Democracy—at least to the work of promoting dissension in the ranks of the great Union party. But the Secretary is not altogether what he seemed to be. Recognizing the fact that Congress has triumphed in presenting a plan for restoration which will supersede the President's, and that the Union party will go undividedly for the plan, Mr. Seward makes a conciliatory speech and says there is now "no necessity for separation between the President, the Congress and the party of the Union." And again "Both the President and Congress might well expect to be equally involved in the calamity which should dismiss the Union party from the national councils." This is particularly offensive to the rebels, because it implies that they must not on any account be permitted to obtain control of the Government. They cannot believe that in thus stating, Mr Seward truly represents the views of the President and are therefore calling on the Premier, to resign. The "loyal" wing or war faction of the Democracy, are equally affronted by other portions of the Secretary's Auburn speech. The *New York World*, as the principal organ of this faction, is terribly incensed because Mr. Seward classes rebels and Democrats together as persons whom it is desirable to have "converted." "Rebels and their Democratic abettors," an expression which occurs several times in the Auburn speech, gives the *World* unusual concern. The imputation that the Democracy favored the rebellion would not give offence to the New York *News* or Chicago *Times*; but it is too much for the *World* or Boston *Post* to endure. Hence they now revile and abuse Seward quite as vehemently as they did years ago. They had been flattering themselves that they had obtained complete control of the Administration; and accordingly are indignant whenever they see indications of a refractory disposition on the parts of any of its members. Having reposed full confidence in the belief that Johnson and Seward were wholly theirs, they now feel deeply injured in finding that that confidence was not justified. But reposing great faith in Johnson still, they call on him to dismiss his entire Cabinet and appoint another more acceptable to them. Almost the entire Democratic press in clamoring for change. Even their organ in this city, presuming the President is theirs, tenders its advice on the same subject. The "noble tribune" is hesitating to heed their counsels, being evidently disinclined to sever the last tie that unites him with the Unionists, and to go into a minority party.

THE CHARM TOO WIDE TO BE BANDED.—Those Union men who lately thought the differences between President Johnson and the Union party were only differences of opinion—both seeking the same end—and that there still remained a chance for harmony between them, will certainly recognize the impossibility of it, in the President's last message to Congress. The President goes out of his way to assure Congress that nothing they may do, while eleven States are unrepresented, can meet his approval. If the proposed amendment contained anything against which the President had stood committed, we should find in that fact an explanation of the motive he had in this last assurance to Congress. But it does not contain a single proposition to which his own sayings and official acts have not given direct or tacit consent. The proposition to amend the Constitution is but a repetition of what he himself did last year. Beyond that, the subordinate idea of excluding leading rebels from office, is but copied from his oft repeated acts. The prohibition against Raphael Semmes holding the office of judge at Mobile, is a practical application of the proposition submitted by Congress. So we might go through all the subordinate propositions which the amendment contains, and we should find no single thing proposed which the President has not acted upon within the last year. His objection, then, is not to the principle involved, but rather to the recognition of the right of Congress to do anything. He is chiefly anxious, in his message, to assure the country that he has cut loose from the party which made him Vice President, and to say again as he in effect said in his late speeches, that the chasm which he himself has made between them, is not capable of being bridged over.

Johnson and his Secretaries have recently asked to have the test oath repealed for the alleged reason that there are not enough of men in the South who can take it to fill the subordinate offices of the Departments. Recently a Mr. Giers, of Alabama, a thoroughly loyal man, who brought recommendations for loyalty and capability, signed by Mr. Lincoln, Gen. Grant and Gen. Thomas, was refused the appointment as Commissioner for the collection of taxes in his State, and the place was conferred on one F. W. Sykes, a member of the rebel legislature of Alabama, and who therefore cannot take the test oath. What does this show but that the difficulty complained of does not grow out of a lack of men who can take the test oath, but out of the preference which the Administration naturally feels for men who are tainted with the rebellion?

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* says that "thousands and thousands of the most intelligent Republicans all over the country agree with the Cabinet in the support of President Johnson." Yet not three months ago the *Republican* said that only a single Republican journal, the New York *Times*, stood by the President in his vote of the Civil Rights Act. The New York *Herald*, with all its versatility, couldn't change from one side to another with greater dexterity and agility than that.

The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent says of the President's late speech to serenaders that he "spoke only a few minutes" and "in a very low tone, alluded to himself only 26 times and gave out no new doctrines." Wonderful exhibition of modesty.

LETTER FROM BIG BEND.

AVALANCHE, June 17, 1866.

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

So far the Big Bend country has not fulfilled the expectations entertained of it. The snow is melting very fast, the streams very high and it snows or rains every day. On Avalanche creek about fifty claims have been opened. Of that number four are paying from $6 to $20 per day to the hand, of the balance, more than half have been abandoned. The remainder are being worked for grub by persons who, like your correspondent have more time than money.

On French Creek, Bailey & Co., are taking out from 20 to 25 ounces per day. Morton & Co., Shiel & Co., and the Discovery claim are doing well Wages rate from $7 to $9 per day. Flour $50 per hundred Bacon $1 12½ per pound Sugar $1 Beans 80 cents. Tobacco 50 cents per pound. Gum Boots $36 per pair.

Two pack trains have arrived from Seymour, (Head of Snowap Lake.) Rates of freight 25 cents from Seymour to French creek. There are about six hundred men now in the mines, not above one third of whom are employed.

The face of the country is very rough, high mountains, deep rocky streams and densely wooded with fir pine and spruce. A saw mill is in operation on French Creek Lumber brings $11 per hundred. It will be three months yet before these mines can be pronounced as a success or a failure.

STATE ITEMS.

The firm of Wolfe & Schwenk, publishers of the *Amateur Musical and Poem*, as has been likewise Lund the business is continued by Mr A C Schwenk.

Great activity in the copper mining interest of Coos county is expected.

The *Statesman* says "We are informed by Messrs Cresswell Swain of French Prairie, that a man Fred Hendrick, with half a dozen others in Jacksonville county, selling "Love potion No," which, upon examination by Mr Clark, the druggist, prove to be a composition of Morphine and Cantharides."

Prof Woods the Botanist who has collected and classified about fifty a hundred varieties of plants in the State of California is now in Linn, is making a collection He designs publishing a work descriptive of the trees, shrubs and plants of the State.

A new lodge of Good Templars has been organized at Eugene City with about twenty members.

Spencer Butte Lodge, (Eugene City) No 8, I O O F, at the regular meeting June 26th elected the following officers P L Burton N G R C Bolen, V G, Joel Ware R Secretary I D Scott, Treasurer

The *Agriculturist* says The Board of Managers of the Oregon State Agricultural Society, have ordered a new track to be made on the grounds of the Society, in addition to the one now used for trials of speed, to be kept for pleasure riding and racing purposes. This improvement will add much to the pleasure of visitors, lead to inducing greater safety to those engaged in contributing for premiums and preparing for trials We are also informed by Judge Peebles, one of the Executive Committee, that among other improvements making, the erection of about twenty new stables may be noticed.

Mr Cross of Salem has fifty head of four year old steers of his own raising which will average over one thousand pounds weight, each

During the firing of the sunset salute at the Dalles on the 4th, a man named William Watson was severely injured by the premature discharge of the piece He will lose the right arm to the elbow, and, probably, the left It is feared also that he has received bodily injuries which may prove fatal Dr Brock, who was near at the time of the accident, furnished all the aid possible Mr. Watson was an employe of the O S N Co

From Monday night to Wednesday evening, the Columbia river at the Dalles rose nearly two feet

The 3d inst was the hottest day at the Dalles within the memory of the "oldest inhabitant." The mercury ran up to 108° in the shade

Messrs F Ferrill & Co, says the *Astoria Gazette*, have commenced the construction of very important improvements in the immediate vicinity of our village—just at the junction of the McClure and Shively land claims The works are to be no less than a lumber manufacturing, planing and finishing establishment. It will consist of a saw mill proper, with machinery for dressing and finishing the lumber into doors, sash, moulding and ornamental work generally, for cabinet work, &c, &c. Machinery for making shingles, staves, headings, pails, &c, and other work generally will be added The work when completed will employ from 40 to 100 men The kitchen and lodging house, 30 by 60 feet, is now up The first structure of the mill will be 40 by 100 feet Next will follow an L of the same dimensions

Mr. F. Beeman has commenced running a four horse coach from Skipanon Landing to the Summer House, lower end of Clatsop Plains, for the accommodation of sea beach visitors.

FROM MONTANA.

We clip the following from our Montana files to the 16th ult:

GULCH MINING.

A letter from New York Gulch says:

A number of claims on this bar are being worked, and will average about $100 a day to the hand In Uncle Jolumbo's Gulch, about 1,500 feet of the lower end will average about $25 per hand There is a splendid ranch under rapid improvement at mouth of White's Gulch, owned by Messrs. Hall & Co., of Mill Creek We predict for them a noble harvest of glittering gold, and think that their example might be copied with advantage by vast numbers of those whoare spending their time and money in rambling after the golden pot at the end of the rainbow I have also had occasion to visit the bars below the mountains, in Maple Gulch, which empties into the Missouri just above the Cannon Ferry. The claims here are very extensive, and lie on each side of the gulch

The average pay at Wisconsin Gulch is about $25 per day to the hand

A letter from Confederate Gulch states that $18,000 were washed from the claim of Judson & Metcalf on Montana bar, in seven days and that $4,000 was carried away in a bucket from Smith & Busch it's claim, after a run of 10 hours.

A COACH CAPSIZED—PASSENGERS INJURED.

On the 5th inst., as the Overland Stage from Salt Lake to Virginia city was passing through Portneuf Canon, between 10 and 11 o'clock, p. m., owing to the want of lamps on the coach, the vehicle was capsized and rolled over twice The passengers were all more or less bruised, but Mr Gibbons, more unfortunate than the rest, sustained a fracture of the arm. Dr. Hopkins, who was himself suffering from severe contusions, bound up the fractured limb and sent the patient back to Salt Lake City.

A MAN ACCIDENTLY SHOOTS HIMSELF.

W. F Ross, while prospecting on Beaverhead, opposite the mouth of Rattlesnake, on the last day of May, accidently shot himself Mr. Stapleton, another man, and the deceased were in company The day before the accident, Mr. Stapleton had shot a deer, and Mr. Ross had selected some of the tallow for a special purpose, and had hung it up. Mr. Stapleton was fishing, and the other gentleman preparing supper, Mr. Ross, seeing the birds eating the tallow, raised up the tent-cloth, reached in for the rifle, and pulling it towards him, muzzle first, the hammer caught in a buffalo robe and the gun was discharged, the contents inflicting a ghastly wound in his breast, from the effects of which he died in a few minutes The deceased was the partner of Gen. Bray, in the prospecting business, and was highly esteemed for his intelligence and moral worth.

WAR WITH THE "BLOODS."

Baptiste Champagne and Jerry—two half-breeds—were the leaders of the pursuit of the three Blood Indians killed the 28th inst. After a hot chase, the victors returned with the arms of the hostile and hated Bloods, as a token of victory, and the whole skin of the head of one of them was taken by a Dutchman known as "John the Tailor." There is war to the knife between the settlers and the Bloods, who are accused of being the authors of most of the depredations committed by the Indians, and death is the doom of every one of the tribe that comes near Benton. Were sentiment or action confined to the whites, by Government, it would be well for the Indians; but as it stands, it is kill or be killed, whenever a Benton white or a half-breed meets a Blood Indian.

TWO MEN KILLED BY INDIANS.

On the 5th of June, two unarmed whites were shot by Indians, (supposed to have been Blackfeet,) about ten miles north of McClellan Gulch. One was killed and the other seriously wounded. The Indians have recently been quite troublesome in that locality.

ARRIVAL OF ST. LOUIS STEAMERS.

The steamer *Big Horn*, with twenty passengers, seventy-one days from St. Louis, arrived at Benton on the 8th of June. The *W. B. Dance* arrived on the same day The *Daily Chance*, *Antelope* and *Goldrack* have probably arrived ere this, and a number of others were daily expected.

THE TOWN OF HELENA.

The town of Helena is growing very rapidly. Stone buildings, now fronts and mammoth signs seem to spring up in the night time. The town is full of strangers, old-timers pardonmaking, and Californians who go there expecting to see no one they know, and they are acquainted with nearly every other man.

FROM IDAHO.

The following is from the Boise City *Statesman* of the 30th ult:

ROBBERY OF A DRIVER.

Mr. French, Messenger of W F & Co. came down from Idaho yesterday, from whom we learn that a man by the name of Shoemaker was robbed of $1,700 day before yesterday on the trail between Placerville and Hog'em. Shoemaker was a driver from Oregon. The robbers, two in number, fired at him, and he jumped off his horse and escaped. His money was in his mattress on the saddle.

ALTERAR ITEMS.

Mr. James, agent of the Waddingham Company, came down yesterday on business for the company. He says the mill will start a work from next Monday, on rock from the Confederate Star. They are raising rock for that purpose now, aiming to get two hundred tons ahead before starting The Harris & Benson Mill is expected to start about the same time. The Idaho Mill will also start soon. Considerable sickness prevails at Yuba, principally from mountain fever. Two deaths have occurred

INDIANS ON ORO FINO MOUNTAIN.

The following extract shows the last move of the Indians in Owyhee:

BOISE RIVER, Ruby City, June 27, 1866

MR. FEATHERSTONE:—Last night the Indians gathered all the stock on Wee Aikie Mountain and drove it off. Their shouts on driving the stock were heard by the workmen on the Freeman Claim, in plain sight of Silver and Ruby Cities. They shot at a man not far from the Oro Fino and New York (Feirstaedt's) Mill, and they have stolen all the stock on and about Catherine Creek and have driven in the settlers and ranchmen in that vicinity.

BROWNE

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The Moore brothers have the frame of their new building up, and nearly enclosed—will be enclosed next week. The building is 40x40 feet and three stories high They intend to have it ready to run by the time the harvest is ready to grind.

The cool and wet weather of this season is proving unfavorable for crops in the valley, and the present prospect is not very poor for a good crop of that grain this season. All other kinds of grain are looking well.

By Gayhee stage last night we learn that a shooting match took place at Silver, day before yesterday, between a couple of men, one of whom got a hole punched clear through Head

The Mountain Mill Company are getting a fine lot of lumber on hand at their yard Their clear stock is unsurpassed The lumber trade with Owyhee is becoming quite an item

Farmers are now quite busy cutting hay. Harvesting will begin in the earliest fields in about ten days.

FROM WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The *Olympia Tribune* of the 30th ult contains the following items

Monday and Tuesday of this week was excessively hot, when compared with a few weeks previous The thermometer ranged from 85° to 90° on both days On Tuesday evening a thunder storm arose, and passed to the south-east causing an agreeable change in the temperature of the atmosphere

The U S war vessel *Shenandoah*, Scott, Commander, arrived in our port on Thursday On Friday afternoon many of our citizens availed themselves of an invitation to pay her a visit, and were shown around by her gentlemanly officers She will probably remain here until Monday next

The Revenue Steamer *Lincoln*, Capt J W. White, paid our port a visit on Tuesday last, remaining until Friday morning, when she left for special duty, with Deputy Collector G P Whittworth on board

The Fifth Christian Annual Meeting, (or conference,) will commence on the 27th day of July, 1866, being the last Friday in the month, at Frost's Prairie, Thurston Co

A stroke in Colfax, Pal., has a pig with four ears, two bodies, two tails and eight legs.—*Exchange*.

It is but the "double" of Jeremy Diddler's pig.

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO July 5.—The eastern line is working but no reports have been received

The 90th Anniversary of America in Independence was celebrated in this city yesterday in a manner worthy of the steadfast patriotism of the people of San Francisco and creditable alike to the Committee of Arrangements to the Marshal of the day and to the thousands of citizens who joined in the military and civil procession which led to the town of the grounds who came from all sections of the spectacle, and by their enthusiasm and orderly conduct, added to the success of the Golden Jubilee The procession was one of the largest and certainly the most arranged that has ever paraded the streets of this city Public meetings were held in all parts of the city to keep up the interest of the day after the procession ended Instead of the usual outgoing and in small that followed up the rear on the homeward the line terminated exactly with the ground from which it had originated by the selected troops and a detachment of U S cavalry A salute, chimes of the magnificent open bell in the fine clock in the tower rang, it was the most successful pyrotechnic exhibition ever given in San Francisco It is estimated that not less than 30,000 persons witnessed the display

Thomas Byrnes the murderer of Chiera Hill, will be sentenced again on Monday. The Supreme Court has refused a new trial.

At three o'clock this morning a fire broke out on Webb street, destroying three buildings

Miss Emily Treadway, of Saint Ross was in Wells, Fargo & Co's office at the time of the terrible nitro-glycerine explosion and received severe injuries from which she recently died at her home

Yesterday, Amber Ivy named Wm Ellis 16 years old fell from the main sail of the bark *Judith*, and was instantly killed.

The Pacific Mail steamship *Sacramento*, which left Panama June 21st, where she connected with the steamship leaving New York on the 11th arrived at town dock this morning The following are the list of passengers Robert Fletcher, Chas A Fletcher, Dr. J Buckley, wife and child, Rev Francis Ingraham, J P Sherwood, E J Dudley Ell Strong, O Reinstein, Miss Sarah Moore, P Venton, J W. Thompson, Stu J Lavelly and child) H Low, N V Alexander, Capt. J R Starr, 2 Wells, Mrs J O Frank and servant, Mrs Brankerity, D R N Ogden, G. W Poordaughter and child F Humphreys W Wildman, Mrs Blume, S A Rogers, A W Ridge, H Laughlin, A B. Whitmore, D A. Bigham, Jno J Osborne, J Green, wife child and infant, Geo F Metcalf, P Talby, R C Clapp, W. Horn, Geo. Thorn Wm. Hall, H Jones, wife and child, Dominick Bacon and wife, Mrs. James Donahue, F S Wemdinger and wife, G W. Tait, Miss McGrilly, H Pilkenton wife and child Miss W Stephens, Miss Clay and infant, F W Hilder, Wm Blossom, Dr J C Hawthorne, Miss C E Bush Miss E F A Dampier, Miss Barton, Miss Hattie Rayward, J Nicholson and wife Miss M Higgins Mr Winslow, daughter and two children, S A James Frank Vieu, Mrs H Fitzpatrick, Henry Schneider, Edward Seargeer, E N Graham and son, Wm Grant Miss Nancy Arnould, Hugh Sinclair, Lake Agnes and child) T Harvey, Wm J. Willcox, J Albert and wife, Sarah Ann Ivy, A Rickrel, H Smallback, John R Barkins Henry H Duncan, Geo. M. Watson, baggage master, and 100 in the steerage.

The Markets.

Flour—Market dull and prices unchanged.

Wheat—Sales include 1,000 sks new at $1 50@2; 100 sks coast, old, at $1 62½@1 90@bbl.

Barley—Prices are without change, the range being 75@87½c @ 100lbs for light feed to choice brewing.

Oats—No demand; quotations range from $1 37½ to $1 50 @ 100lbs for fair to choice

Potatoes—Days are coming forward in small quantities. Mileduns are quoted at 75@80c @ 100lbs

Dairy Products—Choice ranch butter is 32½@33c; cheese 12@13c; eggs 40@45c, with some sales as high as 42½c.

Wool—Shipments for the past week have been very light not aggregating over 80,000lbs, the most of which was sold for 12½@18½c being either hurry or inferior shipping grades No. 1 shipping grades are of course higher, say 19@21c.

Hides—250 sold at 12c.

Money Market—Mining Stocks.

The market is quiet. Gold opened in New York on the 3d at 154 and declining

Sterling exchange at 108@108½.

English matters were very unsatisfactory, and things financially, of course, were very unsettled

No later gold dispatches than the above The local money market continues easy

The mining stock market presents the following quotations since the morning board on Tuesday:

Overman advanced $3; Yellow, $15. Ophir and Belcher, each, $5, and Imperial, $1 On the contrary, Sullon declined $5; Savage, $2 50, Confidence, $1 50, Chollar-Potosi, $1. Spring Valley remained at 92 Legal Tenders were quoted at the board at 70½ bid, and asked.

Arrived, July 3d—French bark *Orera*, 100 days from Bordeaux.

July 4th—British bark *Judith*, 125 days from London Sailed, July 3d—Bark *Antimaf*, for Nellingham Bay July 4th—British brig *Derwent*, Sydney.

July 5th—Bark *Alouette*, Portland

FROM THE NORTH.

The Fourth at Seattle.

SEATTLE, July 5.—The anniversary day of the nation's independence was celebrated here with unusual spirit by a Masonic procession, salutes, an oration and a grand ball in the evening.

The steamers *Eliza Anderson*, from Victoria, *J. B Libby*, from Olympia, *Ann Rowe* and *Resolute* from Port Madison, *Orpheus* from Bedrock, *Daisy Walker* from Port Gamble, brought in crowds from the surrounding towns No accident occurred to mar the general harmony

Attention, Portland Zouave Cadets.—Regular monthly meeting this Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock. By order of H. M. SWAFFORD, Sec'y.

"THOSE ARE SPLENDID!" "What are splendid?" "Why those ENAMELED CARD-PICTURES and exquisite SUN PEARLS which are now taken at ELLSWORTH & CARDWELL'S GALLERY, 89 First street. This is the only place in the city where these beautiful specimens of the Photographic Art can be had. All other kinds of pictures taken as usual.

J. W. JOHNSTON & CO., PHOTOGraphic Chemists and Artists, Gallery, No. 107 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

PICTURES MADE IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART, from the Smallest Miniature to Life Size.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed or no charge.

A Large Assortment of Ambrotype and Photograph material constantly kept on hand and for sale.

All of our Chemicals are warranted Chemically Pure, and are manufactured by Dr. J. W. Johnston Practical Photographic Chemist and Pioneer Artist of California.

Surpassed by none and equalled by but few.

This is our motto and our work will prove it true.

J. W. JOHNSTON & CO.

N. B.—Instructions given in the Art of Ambrotyping, Photography, and the Manufacturing of Photographic Chemicals on Moderate terms. ap20dtf

NEW TO-DAY.

THE PIONEER

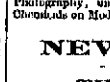
Base Ball Club!

WILL MEET AT THEIR GROUNDS

Jy6 This Evening at 6½ o'clock. dtf

For San Francisco,

DIRECT,



THE STEAMER

ORIZABA,

WILLIAM METZGER ..... Commander.

Will leave Portland on

SUNDAY, JULY 8, 1866, at 8 o'clock A. M

For Freight or Passage apply to

Jy6d2t ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

LUCY & HYMES'

Full Weight Soap.

WE HAVE NOW MADE ARRANGEMENTS THAT all Soap hereafter manufactured by us shall be put up FULL WEIGHT, thus saving the consumer from TEN TO TWENTY pounds on every hundred pounds over that manufactured by other Soap makers

NO CHANGE IN PRICE, and quality guaranteed

Take Notice.—We are the only House with the Pacific Coast that gives FULL WEIGHT SOAP, of quality that cannot be surpassed at the Lowest Prices!

LUCY & HYMES

☞ Agents in San Francisco for Lucy & Hymes Soap

Jy6dlm **CASTLE BROTHERS,** 213 Front Street

City Hotel,

Front Street, Walla Walla, W. T.

THIS CITY HOTEL HAVING JUST BEEN REFURNISHED, and being now ready for the reception of guests, the Proprietor would say to the Traveling Public that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call

THE CITY HOTEL is an entirely New House, well located, Rooms well ventilated and well furnished The Dining Room is large commodious, has Five Suits of Rooms with connecting doors for families The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords put setting no House to excel it, either in quality or variety

Jy6dlf O TOUPT

JOHNNY'S, OFFICE!

100 Front St., opposite Eaton & Stinson's Saw Mill,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

LUNCH at 10 o'clock A. M., and 5 P. M

Jy6dlf JOHN DOUGHERTY Proprietor

Printing Paper

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand

32x46	24x36.
28x42.	24x34.
26x38.	

HENRY L. PITTOCK,

No 5 Washington Street, Portland

Notice.

OFFICE OF OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Portland, Oregon, July 2d, 1866.

A DIVIDEND HAS BEEN THIS DAY DECLARED upon the capital stock of this Company, payable on and after the 10th instant

Jy5d7w FRED. WYGANT, Secretary

NEW TO-DAY.

HOFFMAN & CO.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS

OF

FANCY GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING FROM EUROPEAN and Atlantic Markets a full assortment of Latest Styles of

MILLINERY GOODS,

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,

WHITE GOODS,

Linen Holds, Hoop Skirts Balmoral Skirts, Hair Nets, Bonnet Braids and Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Cloak and Dress Trimmings, Fancy Goods, Notions, Perfumery and a great variety of Small Wares, too numerous to mention

The attention of buyers is requested to an examination of our stock, and any orders entrusted to us will be carefully and promptly attended to.

HOFFMAN & CO.,

312 Sacramento st Bet Battery and Front,

San Francisco, California

Jy6d1 Opposite Levy Strauss & Co's Clothing Store

THAT OLD GREENBACK CASE!

I

am

still

obliged

to accept

of legal

Tender Notes

at Par (and have

been since Dec 17,

1864, for the rent of

my Handsome Brick

Store, corner of Morrison

and Front streets, I feel

compelled to announce for

the benefit of the public, that

JACOB MAYER

Leased the Building of me Feb 17, 1862 for a term of years, at which time there was no such currency in vogue, and it was understood the terms were Gold Since the date above stated, I have received the depreciated currency regularly for the rent of the

CITY OF PARIS STORE!

making less than two fifths of the real amount said Mayer owe to pay. He had secured the building at very advantageous rates, and even were he now to comply with his contract, and pay in Gold, would be getting the best bargain in the city I make this statement to show the public what kind of a man he must be to take such undue advantages of the times to convert a few dollars to himself by LEGAL WINDING Who publish ers readily see how much it costs to have such tenants as such cattle building as the one referred to above.

Portland, July 6, 1866. G. W. VAUGHN.

OREGON STAGE COMPANY!

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Through to Sacramento in Six Days!

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE!

H. W. CORBETT ..... Proprietor.

THE OREGON STAGE COMPANY IS NOW PREpared to carry Passengers between

PORTLAND, SALEM, ALBANY,

Corvallis and Eugene City,

AT

CREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

NEW COACHES!

Have been added to the line, and the comfort of passengers will be scrupulously attended to.

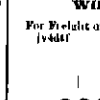
Office in Portland at ARRIGONI'S HOTEL.

jy30dlf B. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent.

For Honolulu,

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

BARK



JANE A. FALKINBURG,

WILLIAM HUMWELL ..... Master,

Will Sail with Despatch,

For Freight or Passage, apply to

jy4dlf ALLEN & LEWIS.

NOTICE.

SON & BRIGGS,

308 SACRAMENTO STREET,

Importers exclusively of

PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

DEVOTING OUR WHOLE ATTENTION TO THIS speciality, we are enabled to present one of the most complete and varied stocks of Pipes and Smokers' Articles to be found on this coast Also Dealers in the FINEST GRADES OF SMOKING TOBACCO, and Agents for all American Patent Pipes

All Articles Warranted as Represented.

SON & BRIGGS,

jy4d1m2p No. 308 Sacramento Street, near Front.

THE COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN!

IS THE

MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE!

SAMPLES..... ONLY 12½ CENTS.

ALSO, THE

Finest Lunch in the City!

jy6dlf THOMAS HARRIS, Proprietor.

The Largest and Finest

STRAWBERRIES

IN THE MARKET

Can be found FRESH EVERY MORNING, at

WEEKS & SWAN'S,

Je30dlm2p Cor. Third and Morrison Sts

Agents Wanted to Sell

HUTCHINSON'S WINE AND CIDER MILLS!

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MADE, in every county in California and Oregon Best of reference required Address LOCK BOX 560 P O, San Francisco.

jy6dlm

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for all kinds of

FUR SKINS!

At BUTLER & PIONEER HAT STORE.

June 25th, 1866 d1m2p

Notice

To the Creditors of R. H. DuRell & Co.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THEY HAVE PAID me through their Agent at Umatilla for nearly one year's work on their East Freight Line in GREENBACKS AT PAR.

jy5dlm* THOS B. CURLEY.

Marine Insurance!

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO,

IS PREPARED TO INSURE AGAINST ALL MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on Treasure, Cargo or Freight.

mc16d2pf LADD & TILTON, Agents.

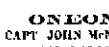
250 KEGS CUT NAILS—3d to 40d For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

STIFF AND SPRING POINT MINING SHOVELS, For sale at E. J. NORTHRUP & CO'S.

Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THE STEAMERS

NEW WORLD,

CASCADE,

OR

WILSON G. HUNT,

CAPT JOHN WOLFE ..... Commander,

Will leave PORTLAND, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A M for the CASCADES, connecting with the Steamers

ONEONTA OR IDAHO,

CAPT JOHN MCNULTY..... Commander.

FOR DALLES—THROUGH IN ONE DAY

THE STEAMERS

YAKTMA,

WEB-FOOT,

TENINO,

OWYHEE,

NEZ PERCES CHIEF,

SPRAY, and

OKANAGON,

Captains E. F. COE, C FELTON, J. H GRAY, and THOS STUMP,

Will run during the Season from CELILO to UMATILLA, WALLULA, WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON.

One of the above named Boats will leave CELILO for UMATILLA and WALLULA, on

TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY of each week.

Boats will be dispatched for WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON as often as the necessity of the trade will demand

THE STEAMER

SHOSHONE,

CAPT J MYRICK ..... Commander

Will run from OLDS FERRY on Snake River to BOISE CITY, OWYHEE and SOUTH BOISE LANDINGS connecting with

THOMAS & CO.'S STAGES,

And B M DURELL & CO'S FAST FREIGHT LINES.

Portland, March 1s 1866.

dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President O. S. N. Co.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

For White Bluffs!

THE STEAMER

YAKTMA,

Gen. ..... Master,

WILL LEAVE CELILO EVERY SATURDAY

FOR WHITE BLUFFS.

PRICE OF FREIGHT, $40 per ton from Portland.

For Lewiston!

THE STEAMER

OWYHEE,

FELTON..... Master,

will leave

Wallula for Lewiston

EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Portland, April 10th, 1866.

dtf J. C AINSWORTH, Pres't.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

FREIGHT ON FLOUR REDUCED.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 23D OF APRIL, till further notice, Freight on Flour will be as follows.

From Portland to Umatilla..... $20 50 per ton.

" " " Wallula..... 22 50 " "

" " " White Bluffs..... 30 00 " "

" " " Lewiston..... 40 00 " "

Portland, April 21, 1866.

ap23dlf J. C. AINSWORTH, Pres't.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Notice.

FROM THIS DATE UNTIL SUBTHER NOTICE

THE STEAMERS

SENATOR OR ALERT

WILL LEAVE VAUGHN'S WHARF

Every Morning (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock,

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamers

Reliance, Fannie Patton or Active,

On MONDAY and THURSDAY of each week,

FOR SALEM, ALBANY CORVALLIS,

and intermediate points, and with the

Steamer Union,

On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY of each week for DAYTON, LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

☞ STEAMERS ENTERPRISE OR ECHO will be dispatched for EUGENE CITY and intermediate points as often as the necessity of the trade demands.

April 20th, 1866. A. A. McCULLY,

dtf Pres't People's Trans. Co

C. HOPKINS,

(Successor to G. W. VAUGHN,)

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE!

IRON, STEEL, ANVILS, BELLOWS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

ROPE, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM, OARS,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO, JUST RECEIVED A LARGE, FULL AND complete assortment of

REAPERS, MOWERS & THRESHERS.

Among the most approved Machines and best adapted to wants of the Oregon farmer, are the KIRBY & BALL'S COMBINED MOWERS and REAPERS—KIRBY, BALL & WOOD'S MOWERS—PITT'S, WHEELER'S and MASSILLON'S THRESHERS and SEPARATORS. A full assortment of these and other Machinery constantly on hand, and for sale at prices greatly reduced below the prices ever before offered in Oregon.

NO. 116 FRONT STREET,

Je16d2pf Portland, Oregon.

Notice

TO CONSUMERS OF SANSEVAIN'S NATIVE WINE BITTERS.

WHEN YOU ASK FOR SANSEVAIN'S WINE BITTERS see that you get it, as imitations are often substituted.

For sale by the principal Wine Merchants throughout the State Depot at MERCADO E SEGUIN, Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, Nos. 506 and 508 Jackson street, San Francisco

fe6dlm2p

ASSAY OFFICE!

KING, MYRICK & CO.,

(Successors to R. H. Tracy & Co.)

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of R. W. TRACY & CO., in the

ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 58 Front Street,

We are prepared to continue the Business of ASSAYING GOLD DUST, ORES, &c MINTS & COINS

Portland, April 16th, 1866

ap16d3m1f JOHAH MYRICK, EDWARD KING.

R. HENDRIE,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES!

BRANDIES AND LIQUORS,

61 Front Street,

m17 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

SAW-MILL MACHINERY For Sale.

ONE SET OF FIRST-CLASS IRONS FOR A CIRCULAR Saw-Mill, new and complete, is offered for sale on reasonable terms by the undersigned. The machinery is now on store at McCraken, Merrill & Co's boxed ready for shipment to any point Bills of the machinery may be seen at the store of McLaren Bros, Second street, between Salmon and Main streets.

Portland, May 30, 1866. M L. McLERAN.

d2pdtf

Found.

A PACKAGE OF DRY GOODS WHICH THE OWNER can have, upon calling at Everding & Barbey's, proving property and paying charges

ydd1

Auction and Commission.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTIONEER,

No. 96 Front Street,

AUCTION SALES—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, of

Real Estate, Stock, Furniture, Horses, and General Merchandise.

SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments. A General Assortment of MERCHANDISE on hand at PRIVATE SALE AT AUCTION PRICES

REGULAR SALE

THIS DAY,

Friday, July 6, 1866,

at 10 o'clock A M.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE!

Consisting of

Parlor, Bed-Room & Kitchen FURNITURE!

Carpets, Office and Cook Stoves,

LAMPS, GLASSWARE, and other

Merchandise, Etc.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Notice.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDUCING OUR STOCK of Goods, we offer for sale

For Sixty Days our Stock of

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE,

AT

CREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

AND AS FOLLOWS:

	Former Price.	Reduced Price
JULES JURGENSON GOLD WATCHES	$270	$220
GOLD PATENT LEVERS	200	160
do do do	150	110
LADIES' GOLD WATCHES	150	120
do do do	100	75
SILVER PATENT LEVERS	60	40
AMER

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates 70@72
New York Gold Quotations 132

THE POLITE OF JUAN DE FUCA IN PORTLAND.—The citizens of Portland turned out en masse on Wednesday last and made the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence as the magnificent of the occasion and the weather demanded it should be. Every part of the city was in a state of excitement in getting off, every one delighted to see his neighboring friends, and the streets were filled with a small party of excursionists on board and bound for Astoria. At six o'clock A. M., at which time the steamer *Cascade* left for the Cascades of the Columbia

The Invasion of Canada.

Proclamation by General Sweeny to the People of Canada.

TO THE INVASION.

To the People of British America. We come not as foes to the foes of British rule in Ireland. Exiled from that native land of ours by the oppression of British aristocracy and legislation, we seek the hand held out to the emigrant slave, or worse (that charter of Governmental inability to protect) himself our countrymen torn from their homes and friends and hurried in droves per ordre de Reine of England and Ireland, our only fault a love for our kindred which the tyrant knows to be the Irish people's greatest make poverty and misery the sad rule of their condition and the strength gained by passive prayers and work both vain, shouting from the Liberal mind of the world these expressions of shame for the government and indignation for the people—we have taken up the sword to strike down the oppressor's rod, to deliver Ireland from the tyrant that is spoiler the minor. We have registered our oaths upon the altar of our country in the full view of Heaven, and sent up our vows to the throne of Him who inspired them. Then, looking about us for the enemy, we find him here—here in our midst, where he is most vulnerable and convenient to our strength, and have sworn to stretch forth the armed hand of Ireland and grapple with him. The battle has commenced and we pledge ourselves to all the sacred mission of struggling liberty to follow it up at any cost to author of its alternatives—the absolute point all independence and liberty of Ireland, or the annihilation of our armies.

We have no issue with the people of these provinces, and wish to have none but the most friendly relations. Our weapons are for the oppressors of Ireland. Our blows shall be directed against the power of England; her privileges alone shall we assail not yours. We do not propose to divest you of a solitary privilege you now enjoy. We will resist and disperse only the rights that are claimed and enjoyed by the Government of Great Britain—the right to make her American possessions the field and base of operations in a war against an enemy. We come to assist our fellow countrymen, and turn them against her as a weir for Irish freedom. We are here not her as murderers nor robbers, for plundering nor devastation. We are here as the Irish army of liberation the friends of liberty against despotism, of democracy against aristocracy, of the people against their oppressors, of the ballot against the privileges of class, of progress and development against right and wrong; to conduct this contest according to the laws known to honorable warfare, in a manner worthy of the high object we aim for, and the sublime sentiments that actuated us. In a word, our war is with the armed power of England, and not with the people, not with those provinces. Against England, upon land and sea, until Ireland is free! And all who raise an arm to defend her, to frustrate and defeat us, belong to the common enemy, and as such will be dealt with. As we know how to recognize the services of our friends, so also do we know how to punish the depredations of our foes. Our work for Ireland accomplished, we leave to your own free ballots to determine your national and political standing and character, and shall rejoice to see, and assist to make, these Brittish provinces spring from the foot of a foreign throne as free and independent, as proud as New York, Massachusetts or Illinois. To that yearning for liberty and aspiration after national independence which swells the breast of every true son of every land, to your own manliness we leave those question for settlement, confident that the dwarfed development of your vast resources and natural wealth make the chilling influence of English supremacy in wretched contrast with the national dignity and stupendous material prosperity of your neighboring people of the United States, under the stimulus of self-government and democratic institutions, constitutes a stronger argument in favor of co-operation with us and of the revolution in your political condition which this comparison suggests, than any discussion of the questions involved which we could offer here.

To Irishmen throughout these Provinces we appeal in the name of seven centuries of British iniquity and Irish misery and suffering, in the name of our murdered sires, our desolate homes, our desecrated altars, our millions of famine graves, our insulted name and race—to stretch forth the hand of brotherhood in the holy cause of fatherland, and smite the tyrant where we can in his work of murdering our nation and exterminating our people. We conjure you, our countrymen, who from misfortunes inflicted by the very tyranny you are serving, or from any other cause, have been forced to enter the ranks of the enemy, not to be the willing instrument of your country's death or degradation. If Ireland still speaks to you in the truest impulses of your hearts, Irishmen obey her voice. If you would not be miscreants, recreant to the first principles of your nature, engraven upon the very cornerstone of your being, raise not the hand of matricide to strike down the banner of Erin? No uniform, and surely not the blood-dyed coat of England can emancipate you from the natural law that binds your allegiance to Ireland, to liberty, to right, to justice. To the friends of Ireland, of freedom, of humanity, of the people, we offer the olive branch of peace and the honest grasp of friendship. Take it Irishmen, Frenchmen, Americans—take it all and trust it. To all who march to the call of the enemy, and rally under his standard to aid or abet his cause, we give the sword in as firm and earnest a gripe as ever did its work upon a foeman. We wish to meet with friends, we are prepared to meet with enemies. We shall endeavor to merit the confidence of the former, and the latter can expect from us but the leniency of a determined though generous foe, and the restraints and relations imposed by civilized warfare.

T. W. SWEENY,
Major General, Comd'g Armies of Ireland.

A FENIAN BATTLE.

[Correspondence of the New York Times.]

BUFFALO, June 2d.—I have just returned from a hurried visit to the new seat of war. A seat of war it is, or, at least, a stool of repentence to those doubting Canadians who all along have fancied and protested that the Fenian movement "wouldn't amount to much."

COLONEL O'NEIL.

O'Neil has served eight years in the regular army of the United States. In the late war he was one of the bravest cavalry officers attached to the Western army. He was a noted man of pluck—one of the kind who knew more about advances than retreats. It is related of him that once, when his regiment was surrounded by rebels, his Colonel ordered a retreat and told the men to get away as well as they could. "Not by a d—d sight, Colonel," said O'Neil; "let me command," and command he did, charging the enemy and beating them back. O'Neil was known, to the regiment at all events, after that, and he is known to history as the man who captured the guerrilla John Morgan, whose sword he holds in his hand to day. This is the man who is leading the "Army of the Irish Republic" into Canada, and, from his prestige and precedents, he is likely to lead them till he meets with some more formidable obstruction than has yet presented itself. His men seem to be as full of confidence as of enthusiasm, and, at last accounts, like the scout of Old John Brown, they were marching on.

THE ADVANCE.

You know already how quietly and completely the Fenians occupied Fort Erie. The invading army to the panic-stricken Canadians seemed a force of at least fifteen thousand men. Cool reflection cut the number down to ten thousand. Afterthought cut the means of transportation across the river dwindled a whole division down to a regiment only, say one thousand men. This is probably the entire force. This formidable army of occupation, after eating much bread and beef "contributed" by the Erieans, and drinking more or less whisky, native and imported, evacuated Erie as quietly as they occupied it. They moved more than twenty miles away; marching toward the Welland canal in the direction of Port Colborne. Reports say that they behaved well toward the private citizens, and badly toward sundry public works—hitting the people about and burning bridges, and trying to tear up tracks on the canal. There was, notwithstanding, a panic among the people—women, children, and even men flying to the woods and leaving their pantry and larder doors unceremoniously open. And as far as we know, the army is still "marching on" for what point does not appear exactly, but it is quite certain that they are so marching as to draw whatever British force may take the field after them, for they manifest no immediate desire to find an enemy suddenly and inconveniently in their path.

THE FIRST BATTLE.

There has been a fight—such as it is, yet quite as much of a fight as Scott's of half a century ago which has become historical. That is, there were more men engaged on both sides more fighting on the battle ground more hours. It happened in this wise. When the Fenians left French mans Creek early yesterday morning, they moved toward Ridgeway, on the route to Port Colborne marching in good order and keeping scouts ahead. Ere long scouts came back with the report that there was a considerable force of Canadian volunteers in front, marching to meet the Fenians. This was three miles from Ridgeway, eighteen from Port Colborne, the place known as Lime Stone Ridge. Over a fence and into a field, and the Fenians formed in line of battle, Colonel O'Neil in command, with Colonels Starr and O Brion as Aids. We have all sorts of stories about this battle, but they sum up in this: The volunteers came down the road and into the field, taking a position at first three fourths of a mile away, and the Fenians with a few artillery on either side. Then an advance of skirmishers on either side and a brisk exchange of musketry. Both sides advanced, firing briskly, next an order for the sharp shooters on the Fenian side to fall back, naturally enough an enthusiastic advance of the volunteers, who deemed the falling back a retreat, a severe punishment for this temerity—the Fenians charging favorite the volunteers in turn falling back in return, and so on out. At any rate, these volunteers (during a moment before for Fenian flesh and close upon it for more than two miles while the Fenians, about ninety men pursuit calmly preceded towards Port Colborne.

The Fenians are said to have fought like devils the weight of fire, rests, and even shirts and literally "spitting for glory." Many of the men were old soldiers of the late war and still wore caps and belts bearing the letters U. S. It was their trade while the Canadian volunteers never smelt powder other than that fired on the Queen's birthday. The Fenian victory was easy and decisive.

But there were losses—six Fenians killed and fifteen wounded, while the volunteers lost twenty-three killed and wounded on the field, and were on a fair or foul way of losing more, if they hadn't left the field result "untimely."

Of the straggling volunteers, from seventy to one hundred were captured, but the Fenians were provisionless, and were glad to let their prisoners go. Scattered arms and a countermarch, and last all clothing marked the flight of the volunteers, and gave strong proof of the panic following the pursuit.

THE RETURN TO FORT ERIE.

After proceeding some way toward Port Colborne, the Fenian army, considering, no doubt, the necessity for food supplies, and possibly reinforcements from the American side, returned to Fort Erie and encamped. Elated with victory, shortly the reaction, for the first time in the history of the invasion, the invaders were generally flush of with whisky. They were terribly hungry, to having pretty much eaten out the place on the first visit. But in the course of the night, and in spite of pelting the river, considerable supplies were sent across and more men to join the army. The *Buffalo* and sundry tugs made every effort to prevent reinforcing orders were issued to fire on boats passing to the Canada side, the ferry boat was stopped, but, nevertheless, the private boats and ferries did a lively business, and large numbers of ourious men as well as fighting men, crossed the river.

WAITING FOR THE REGULARS.

Thus waiting, not only for reinforcements and supplies, but for the regulars, whom rumor brings in a formidable force the camp presented a comparatively quiet and curious scene. The main anxiety seemed to be to get something to eat, not to say drink and the threatened approach of the regulars produced no fear.

Regulars and volunteers are said to be coming from two directions—one column from Port Colborne, numbering 2,000 strong, infantry and artillery, and another column under Colonel Peacock, with two companies of the Sixteenth Regulars, two batteries of the Tenth Toronto Volunteers, one battery of the Forty seventh Royal Artillery, and more volunteers.

With this force a collision at some point is inevitable. The Fenians are as good as cut off from retreat, in any considerable numbers, to the American side, and they must and will, fight.

THE SECOND SHORT FIGHT.

We have rumors, as I am about to close my letter, of a little affair near Fort Erie, to day. After the temporary evacuation of the Fenian camp at that place, it was occupied by two or more companies of Canadian volunteers, who, among other duties had charge of a tug-load of about forty Fenians, captured at Ridgeway. All at once, two hundred Fenians came over the hill and attacked first, the tug and then the town. The tug dropped down the stream, and the volunteers, after a short resistance, retreated and soon surrendered to the pursuing Fenians. No prisoners taken, one or two were wounded on either side, and the whole affair did not last more than twenty minutes. It was short, but for the Fenians it was a second success.

CAPTURE OF FOUR HUNDRED FENIANS BY UNITED STATE BOATS.

BUFFALO, June 3d—9 A M.—The Fenian force evacuated Fort Erie last night, and most of them attempted to reach this shore, but only a small number succeeded, and about 700 were gobbled up by the United States boats guarding the river, and are now prisoners under the steamer *Michigan's* guns at Black Rock. The English force, under Colonel Peacock, are now in possession of Fort Erie, without a skirmish. The ultimate disposition of the prisoners is a matter of uncertainty but the British Minister has been telegraphed to.

Colonel O'Neal and Staff are captured. The only Fenians captured by the English appear to have been thirty-two pickets, who were left by their friends in the hurry.

BUFFALO, June 3d—3 P. M.—Have just returned from the United States steamer *Michigan's*. She is anchored in the Niagara river, about four miles below here. A large flat-boat is fastened to her under her guns, having on board about four hundred men, as near as can be guessed at, but not as many as seven hundred, as first stated. The officers are on board the *Michigan* under guard.

The *Courier* gives the following list of killed and wounded in the two engagements, is as correct as can now be obtained.

Fenians—Edward Scully, Cincinnati, killed; James Donoghity, Cincinnati, mortally wounded and left on the field, Michael Porter, Buffalo, slightly wounded; Michael Bailey, Buffalo, wounded in the breast, lying at the house of Mrs. Stanton; Thomas Gilborn, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania, bayonetted in the neck; Michael McLaughlin, Cincinnati, in the eye; John Lynch, Ohio, in the thigh bone, Welon, Indiana, slightly; Thomas Raferty, Cincinnati, in the abdomen; Thomas Maddon, Anderson, Madison County, in the thigh, John Ryah, a boy seventeen years of age, Terre Haute, Indiana, in the abdomen; Matthew County, Cincinnati, wounded in the head, Michael Rugy, Tennessee, in the arm, John Lynch, in the thigh; Michael Raferty, Louisville, in the arm, James Kugan, Louisville, in the ankle.

British—Lieutenant Colonel Roatmoth, killed, Captain Richard S. King, of Port Colborn, Welland Battery, two wounds in the ankle joint (since brought over to Buffalo and leg amputated by Dr Minor); John Robinson, Port Colborne, Welland Battery, in the knee, John Brady, Welland Battery, in the knee, William Harvey, Toronto, wounded in the loins, Malcomb McLachern, Toronto, killed; Charles Langadon, Toronto, mortally wounded, Corporal Newborn, Toronto, killed, William H Vanderdrumssen, Toronto, through hip.

The following are additional. Second Lieutenant Edward L. Longergan, of Buffalo, was wounded seven or eight men of the Buffalo regiment were wounded seriously.

The Fenian loss is about twenty five the British about fifty, among whom were a number of officers. Five of the Seventeenth Irish regiment, from Kentucky, were wounded.

The *Herald* of June 4th, describes the excitement in New York the previous day:

"The crowds around the bulletin boards, notwithstanding the rain, were as large as on the two preceding days, and as time flew on and no dispatches were announced, the people became very impatient.

"At last an extra was issued, and the boys went along shouting 'Capture of Toronto,' and looked a large number of people into purchasing it, for the sheet only contained a repetition of the news announced by the *Herald* in the morning. Then came the news announcing the retreat of Colonel O'Neil and the greater part of his men and their surrender to the forces of the United States, and the previous excitement was considerably damped, and, though most people breathed freer, as they would have done had they perceived a nominal hat move away from the edge of a high and rocky precipice. They felt relieved that the Fenians had escaped certain death, and hoped that they would not by any means fall into the hands of their enemies, whose sure eating disposition is so well known. Many people recalled the arguments of the British and Canadian press in favor of lenity towards the leaders of the American rebellion, and wondered if such principles would actuate the British authorities in their treatment of the few Fenians who fell into their hands in the retreat. It is generally conceded that this movement was cleverly carried out in front of the enemy, and the only regret was that the Fenian corps had not escaped the vigilance of the United States authorities.

"The was the subject of the opinions expressed in regard to the news, and as the evening drew on the crowds in the streets were becoming more impatient for further news than ever, and the cry began to arise in all quarters, 'Where is Sweeny?' or, 'What is Sweeny doing?' Confidence in his plans were generally expressed, however, and there was a universal expectation to hear from him soon, and in tones of triumph."

At Roberts headquarters the following bulletin was received and posted during the progress of the fighting:

[OFFICIAL.]

The Irish Republican army, under command of Colonel John O'Neil, met the British troops at a place called Ridgeway the British forces were composed of militia and a regiment of regulars, the Queen's Own. The British outnumbered the Irish army two to one. The fighting was desperate and lasted about three hours, during which time the Fenians were twice driven back, but again regained their position. Finally the Irish army charged the British at the point of the bayonet, and drove them from the ground, remaining masters of the field. The Indianapolis Journal's the final charge. The battle field was covered with the dobris of the beaten army.

ORDER OF ATTORNEY GENERAL SPEED.

The following important order was addressed to all United States Marshals and District Attorneys:

WASHINGTON, June 1 1866.

By direction of the President you are directed to cause the arrest of all prominent leaders or conspicuous participated Fenians, who may have probable cause to believe have been or may be guilty of any violation of the neutrality laws of the United States.

JAMES SPEED,
Attorney General.

A Copperhead Story Exploded.

The organ of the President's policy—the old *National Intelligencer*, of Washington published on Wednesday last a statement to this effect:

"That at a meeting of the Ohio Republican State Committee recently held at Columbus at which seventeen members were present, twelve voted to sustain the President's policy and declared to sustain Congress." Colonel Forney the Bull Duck—immediately telegraphed to contrast the truth of this statement, and received the following answer:

"No such meeting has been held by the Republican State Central Committee. There are seventeen men in Ohio anywhere, outside of a Federal office holders' prayer meeting or a Copperhead Convention, out of whom twelve can be found in favor of the President's policy could be picked."

J. W COMLY, Editor *Ohio State Journal*.

So that bogus story was immediately squelched. The hangers-on about the White House are doing an infinite amount of harm to the country at this time. They impose upon the President's credulity and lead him to believe that the people with Congress in it will kick the beam as soon as the people have an opportunity to express them will. Nothing is farther from the truth. The conventions of the masses in the matter of reconstruction are firmly and deeply fixed. No argument, duplicity or force of any sort can induce them to place the reins of the Government upon the hands of those who were lately engaged in or gave aid and comfort to the late gigantic rebellion. They know that the spirit which animated the rebels still lives, for they have evidences almost daily of its vitality. While they have hope that this feeling of animosity against the Government and of retribution at the result of the war will pass away with time, they are determined to wait the necessary period and so adjust political matters as to remove all causes which have a tendency to revive sectional animosities. This course is a perfectly legitimate one on the part of the loyal men of the country, born of patriotism and good sense, and will receive the approval of the civilized world.—*St Louis Democrat, June 8th.*

A NEW CITY.—The New York *Times* has the following:

We get from Richmond more important news than that Davis is to be tried there. One of the Old Virginia dreams, that somewhere near the mouth of the James a great city was sure to spring up, at last seems not unlikely to be realized. It is not to be at Norfolk, however, but at Newport News. From that harbor to Cincinnati the distance is shorter by one hundred and ninety three miles than that from Cincinnati to Baltimore and two hundred miles shorter than that from Cincinnati to New York. Travel along this line is not affected by the inclemency of winter. Money has been provided by the Northern capitalists, and within three years the Covington and Ohio Railroad is to be built, and the chain of communication completed by short links between Richmond and Lynchburg and Richmond and the coast. A French company has deposited $3 000, 000 with the State Government as security for the completion of the James River and Kanawa Canal. Thus the new rival of New York is to be connected with the great West by the shortest railway and the best line of water communication, and Virginia which under the old system literally manured the ground above her iron mines with rich plumbago ore, in order that tobacco might be cultivated by slave labor, under the new system may yet become the greatest of States.

REBELS DISFRANCHISED IN WEST VIRGINIA.—West Virginia has just voted on the question of disfranchising rebels. She has disfranchised them. Like Missouri, she has exercised her constitutional right to prescribe the qualifications of her electors. The election called out a very full vote, and was peculiarly exciting. The Copperheads and Coppertails ("Conservatives") voted solid against such an exemplification of state rights, and the Republicans all voted for it. The result, as far as known in Wheeling on Thursday, shows a majority of more than ten thousand for rebel disfranchisement. The following are the returns received:

For the Amendment—Berkeley county, 561 majority; Wood, 451 majority; Taylor, 180 majority; Marion, 350 majority; Monongalia, (part) 241 majority; Ritchie, 200 majority; Jefferson, 125 majority.

Against it—Ohio county, 370; Wetzel, 180.

SHIPMENT OF FRENCH FLOUR FROM LIVERPOOL TO THE UNITED STATES.—Our Consul at Liverpool writes, under date of May 18, as follows:

Some two weeks ago I advised you of the shipment from this port to New York of some 15,000 bushels of wheat. I now have to inform the Department of State that the *City of Cork*, which sails to morrow, takes as freight 198 sacks of French wheat flour, valued at £1,018 sterling. I think this is the first instance of the shipment of French flour from this port for the United States, and probably the first time that flour has ever been shipped as merchandize from Europe to America.

DISGUSTED.—The St Louis *Democrat* says:

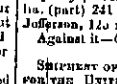
The Copperhead papers are intensely disgusted with Seward's speech, and don't like Stanton's any better. The coupling by Seward of the Democratic party with the rebels, in the reminiscence he gave, turned the Democratic stomach.

Opposition Steamer Bay, Saturday, July 14th, 1860.

OPPOSITION

TO NEW YORK VIA NICARAGUA!
Carrying the United States Mail!

THE NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO WILL dispatch the favorite Steamship



AMERICA,

W L MERRY Commander,

For San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua,

From Mission Street Wharf, at 11 o'clock A M, on

SATURDAY, JULY 14TH, 1860,

Connecting at Greytown with the Magnificent New Steamship

SANTIAGO,

2,500 TONS,

FOR NEW YORK

☞ No charge for board on the Isthmus. A Surgeon accompanies the steamer. Passengers will be sent through each trip. Freight and treasure on Treasure at the lowest rates.

☞ The San Juan del Colorado river is now full of water. The transit from Ocean to Ocean is made in 30 hours.

The MOSES TAYLOR WILL SAIL AUGUST 15, 1860.

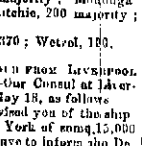
For further information apply to

F W RAYMOND, Agent,
N W Cor Battery and Pine Sts, up stairs.
ap21d6 San Francisco

N. W. SPAULDING.

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,



No 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

N W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming Rocking, Straightening, Tempering, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, viz: Cross cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Rack, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds, filed with a good assortment of Saw Arbors at five cut Socket rates.

Cast Steel laced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories. Saws sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filed at same rates as if sent to me direct.

July 1st 1866 —dtf N. W. SPAULDING

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between DRS HOFFMAN & BLACH in the day dissolved by mutual consent.

July 2d 1866 dtf A J HOFFMAN M D
CHAS BLACH M D

CLOTHES WRINCERS,

ALL KINDS FOR SALE BY
jo16tim w3m H. W CORBETT

42 SETS BLACKSMITH TOOLS,
For sale by E J. NORTHRUP & CO.

WAGON, CARRIAGE & SEAT SPRINGS
For sale by E J NORTHRUP & CO.

City and County Notices.

Notice of Sale of REAL ESTATE, ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PROPERTY hereinafter described will be sold at public auction at the premises on

Saturday, The 16th Day of June, 1866,

at 2 o'clock P M of said day for U S Gold Coin, Cash, of said day, to wit:

Lot No. 1, in Block No. 5,

In the Upper Portland, Oregon, and the

COURT HOUSE BUILDING

thereon, subject to the appurtenances and fixtures belonging to the same, sold to the July and Office and Court House of December. The above sale to be made for the purpose of raising money to pay the taxes assessed upon said property to be given August 1st and September, by which the right of redemption from the sale is lost, unless the owner pays a certain sum to the Sheriff.

By order of the County Court of Multnomah County, Oregon.

(L S) Witness my hand and Official Seal of said Court affixed this 11th day of April 1866.

ap11tf H C COULSON
County Clerk

By Order of the Board of County Commissioners of Multnomah County, Oregon, the property advertised to be sold on the 16th day of June, 1866, is postponed until

Saturday, July 7th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P M

By order of County Court
June 18 1866 —dtd— H C COULSON Clerk

Public Sale

Of Land for Street Assessments.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of Warrants duly issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland and me directed commanding me to levy upon and sell according to law each of the pieces and parcels of land hereinafter described to make the assessments upon said parcels of land declared by ordinance No. 280 for the purpose of improving Ankeny street between First and Sixth (6th) streets, in said City, and which assessments have not been paid and are now delinquent.

Now in pursuance of said Warrants I have levied upon and will on the 3d day of July A. D 1866 sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House in the City of Portland county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, the said pieces and parcels of land and each of them, or such part of each of the pieces described as may be sufficient to satisfy the assessments upon the same, with interest and costs thereon and all sales made by me will be made subject to redemption as by law provided.

No. of Block	No. of Lot	To whom Assessed	Amount of Assessment
7	6	Mrs. M. Cline,	$ 41 00
50	1	L. Love	41 00
73	3	D Rutledge,	227 00
107	2	Wetmore,	45 00
107	W 50 ft of 8	J R Wilhelm,	227 00
107	W 50 ft of 7	J R Wilhelm,	14 00
107	E 50 ft of 8	O P Bu k,	67 00
107	E 50 ft of 7	O P Buck,	67 00
108	1	D Walton,	4 00
108	4	D Walton,	44 00
108	4	D Walton,	320 00
108	5	Lillis,	345 00
108	6	Lillis,	45 00

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A M of the day above named and continue from day to day until all are sold.

Payments to be made in United States gold and silver coin.

HENRY L. HOYT
Marshal of the City of Portland

Dated this 9th day of June A D 1866 w4w

Sheriff's Sale

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Multnomah, in favor of James B. Stephens, and against Moses Hurd for the sum of eighty dollars and eighty cents ($80 80) and seven dollars and twenty five cents ($7 25) costs, in U S gold coin, and to me directed, I have this 9th day of June 1866, levied on the following described real estate of the said Moses Hurd in Multnomah county and State of Oregon, known and described as Blocks Nos. 86 and 97 in the town of East Portland, and on Monday the 9th day of July, 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m., I will expose the same at public auction, at the Court House door in said State and county, to the highest bidder therefor in U S. gold coin.

JACOB STITZEL,
jo11M1w Sheriff Multnomah Co., Ogn.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Wasco, on the 14th day of May, A. D 1866, in favor of C. W Brobank and against Samuel Furman & Mix, and to me directed, commanding me to satisfy the same out of the personal property, or if sufficient could not be found, then out of the real property belonging to the said Samuel Furman and Mix, I have, this 7th day of June, 1866, levied on the following described real estate situate in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block No 21, and lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, in block No 25, in Couch's addition to the city of Portland, all the real estate of the said Furman, and will expose the same at public sale, in front of the Court House door, in Multnomah county, on Saturday, July 7th, 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A M, and will sell so much of said real estate as shall be necessary to satisfy the said execution, amounting to $613 75-100 and interest at ten per cent. per annum from the 16th day of April, 1866, together with costs.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County, Oregon.
Portland, June 8, 1866 Rtd

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the County Court of Multnomah county, in favor of A Meir and against Peter Smith and Rachel Smith, defendants, for the sum of two hundred and ninety nine dollars, together with interest from the 2d day of January, 1866, costs, &c., I have this day levied on the following described real estate, situated in Multnomah county, Oregon, to wit: The south half of section (7) in Township 1 S, 1 e Willamette meridian, and will expose the same to sale at public auction, to the highest bidder in front of the court house door, on Friday the 20th day of July, A. D 1866, between the hours of 9 o'clock A M and 4 P M, or so much thereof as will satisfy the above execution and costs.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah Co., Oregon
Portland, June 29, 1866 Th

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two executions issued out of the Circuit Court of the county of Multnomah, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Oregon, and against Robert A Sutherland, defendant, amounting in $967 79 100 dollars—and interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum from the 2d day of December, A D, 1861, together with accruing costs. I have this day levied on all of the defendant's interest in and to lots 5 and 6, in block 65, in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, and will proceed to sell the same at public auction, in front of the Court House door, on Friday, July the 20th, 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A M., or so much thereof as will satisfy the above executions and costs.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah county, Oregon
Portland, June 20, 1866 Tlw1

CITY BAKERY

AND

Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing

and Corner First and Morrison Streets,

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.

and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

JOHN BRUCE'S

SHIP YARD & BOAT-BUILDING SHOP,

Near the North Portland Saw Mill on the Levee.

HAVING on hand a quantity of Ship Building Material (oak and Spruce Timber and Spruce Knees from 6 to 18 inches), also a quantity of the best quality of Spruce and Cedar Boards for the construction of Small Boats and Skiffs I am prepared to build any kind of sea or river going crafts at moderate rates.

Scows built to order, having gunnels on hand. Repairs done and spare cards to order cheap.

Apply at the office of HARRADINE & STITZEL, with Portland Steam Saw Mill

Portland May 1st 1866 dtf

City Licenses.

CITY MARSHAL'S OFFICE, June 20th 1866

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS doing business in the City which requires a City License that said Licenses date June 30th, 1866. Persons keeping bar rooms are notified that the ordinance requiring them to give a bond, will go into effect and be in force on and after July 1st 1866.

H J HOYT, Marshal

80 Tons

PURE LIVERPOOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE, by R PITTOCK,

Corner First and Morrison Streets, and No 9, Front Street

20 CASKS CUMBERLAND COAL
For sale by E J NORTHRUP & CO

EUREKA EXTRA PICK & AXE HANDLES,
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Medical.

"CONSTITUTION WATER,"

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DEBILITY, ETC.

THE ASTONISHING SUCCESS WHICH HAS attended this invaluable medicine renders it the most valuable one ever discovered. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous effect which it occasions in the debilitated and shattered constitution. In fact it is the only universally admitted remedy for the purification of the maladies above mentioned and also—

DIABETES, IRRITATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
LOSS OF MUSCULAR ENERGY,
PHYSICAL PROSTRATION,
INDIGESTION,
SEMINAL WEAKNESS,
CHLEET, PALPOK ALBUS,

And in every disease arising from a disordered condition of the Digestive Functions. Persons about to marry, if conscious of any weakness, should take the

CONSTITUTION WATER,

Whether broken down by excess—weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the nurturing and relaxed organization is at once relieved, nourished and built up. Well may this celebrated medicine be called the

MEDICAL WONDER.

The stop gap, trembling victim of disease and debility, is by its use taken from the standard of mere existence, to move with a firm step, bid an elastic, which was to remedy sunk in gloom of an adult age, to enjoy again bright and healthy and the gaze forth regenerated, renewed, or more vigorous. For medicine ranks the CONSTITUTION itself, and restores it to its normal condition.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, AND
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER,
STRANGURY AND BURNING, PAINFUL
URINATION,
CALCULUS, GRAVEL,
BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS
OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. TRY IT in these cases, and you will ever give praise to

CONSTITUTION WATER.

Males or Females,

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back, and through your hips? CONSTITUTION WATER will relieve you like magic.

Dr W. R GREGG, Proprietor.
MORGAN & ALLEN,
General Agents, New York.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 404 Battery st., corner Clay, San Francisco.

SOLD BY
HODGE, CALEF & CO SMITH & DAVIS,
W WEATHERFORD,
And all Druggists. jul7

CONSTITUTION

LIFE SYRUP,

COMPOSED OF

IODIDE POTASSIUM.

With the Compound Concentrated Fluid Extract of Lungwort Augustura Root, Alepaw Root, Blood Root, Cancer Root, Fever Root, Canker Weed, Consumption Plant Gravel Plant, Life Root, Liverwort, Nerveine Root, Prince's Root, Sassafras Root, Scurvy Grass Root, Scrofula Plant, Rattlesnake Root, Square Root, Wake-hobin Bark, Whittergreen the whole scientifically prepared, and containing the full virtue of all the ingredients united in an elegant Syrup that possesses a wonderful power in the cure of diseases.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

Paralysis.

Hemiplegia, Paresis, Paraplegia, Paralysis, Agitans.

Dyspepsia.

Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Weight at Stomach, Biliousness, Want of Appetite, Flatulence, Bad Breath.

Scrofula.

Struma, Glandular, Swellings, Ulceration, King's Evil, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum.

Rheumatism.

(Arthritis) Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatic, Tic Doloureux.

Nervousness.

Nervous Debility, Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy, Loss of Power, Shattered Nerves, St. Vitus' Dance.

Mercurial Diseases.

Salivation, Feeling of Weariness, Rotting of Bones, Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones, Depressed Spirits.

Constitution Life Syrup purges the system entirely of all the evil effects of Mercury, removing the Bad Breath, and curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. It hardens Spongy Gums and restores the teeth as firmly as ever.

Constitution Life Syrup

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, like

Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches,

And all other difficulties of the kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, and often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

Constitution Life Syrup

CURES ALL SWELLING OF THE GLANDS, either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast.

☞ As a general Blood-Purifying Agent, the Life Syrup stands unrivalled by any preparation in the world.

Constitution Life Syrup

Is the Poor Man's friend and the Rich Man's blessing. Buy it, take it, and be cured. It is universal in its effects.

WM. H. GREGG, M. D.,

Sole Proprietor, New York.

Laboratory, Brooklyn, L. I.

PRICE—$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

☞ Sent by Express to all parts of the country.

Sold by

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,
jul7tf Portland, Oregon.

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM!

The Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS,

Asthma, Croup,

Diseases of the Throat, Bronchitis, Pains and Oppression of the Chest and Lungs, Difficult Breathing and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

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